





**Alternative names:** Coast Barbgrass, Curly Barbgrass, Curved Hardgrass, Curved Sea Hardgrass, Sickle Grass

Family: Poaceae.

**Description:** Annual spreading grass to about 20 cm tall. Leaf blade to 2 mm wide and rough on upper surface and edges. Spikelets 1-flowered, in hollows on the axis and covered by 2 side-by-side glumes (see photo).

**Key features:** Distinguished by prostrate and ascending branched stems and numerous incurved seedheads to 10 cm long that are often purplish (see photo). Forms a characteristic clump of curled mature seedheads. May be confused with another introduced species, Common Barbgrass *Hainardia cylindrica*, but this plant has erect, straight seedheads and the spikelets in the hollows are covered by a single glume.

**Value:** A winter-spring grass that matures rapidly after flowering and breaks up. Eaten by stock when other more palatable forage is not present, but usually represents a small part of total feed available.

Salinity and waterlogging tolerance: Tolerant of high salinity and grows in tidal saltmarshes. Colonises

saline soils and will continue to grow when flooded for extended periods in winter and early spring.

**Notes:** Native of Mediterranean and western European coastlines.

**References:** Flora of NSW, Harden (ed), Vol. 4, 1993. Flora of Victoria, Walsh and Entwisle (eds), Vol. 2, 1994. Plants of Western NSW, Cunningham et al., 1981.

