© photos G. Sainty SALTdeck Series

Rhagodia spp. SHRUB



Rhagodia spp.

Family: Chenopodiaceae.

Description: Spreading or erect shrubs to about 2 m tall. Stems vary from rigid to weak; leaves variable in shape, entire or lobed, channelled or semi round; much branched. Flowers mostly summer through autumn.

Key features: Leaves with a silvery or metallic sheen or mealy surface and hairs of varying shape usually visible with a hand lens (see photo). Fruits to 3–4 mm diam., fleshy, maturing pink to red.

Value: Not all species of Rhagodia are grazed by stock. *Rhagodia spinescens* is widespread in NSW, Victoria and South Australia. This species is moderately palatable to stock but only when other more palatable species are absent.

Salinity and waterlogging tolerance: Moderate tolerance to saline soils. *Rhagodia candolleana* ssp. *argentea* grows near inland salt lakes in South Australia. Generally not adapted to intermittently inundated or waterlogged land.

Notes: Eleven species all native to Australia. Important hardy sub-shrubs that survive droughts, changes in salinity and usually survive periods of overgrazing. Some bushy species have become targeted for removal as they provide cover for rabbits.

References: Flora of South Australia, Jessop and Toelken (eds), Part 1, 4th edition, 1986. Flora of Victoria, Walsh and Entwisle (eds), Vol. 3, 1996. Flora of NSW, Harden (ed), Vol. 1, 1990. *Plants of Western NSW*, Cunningham et al., 1981.



